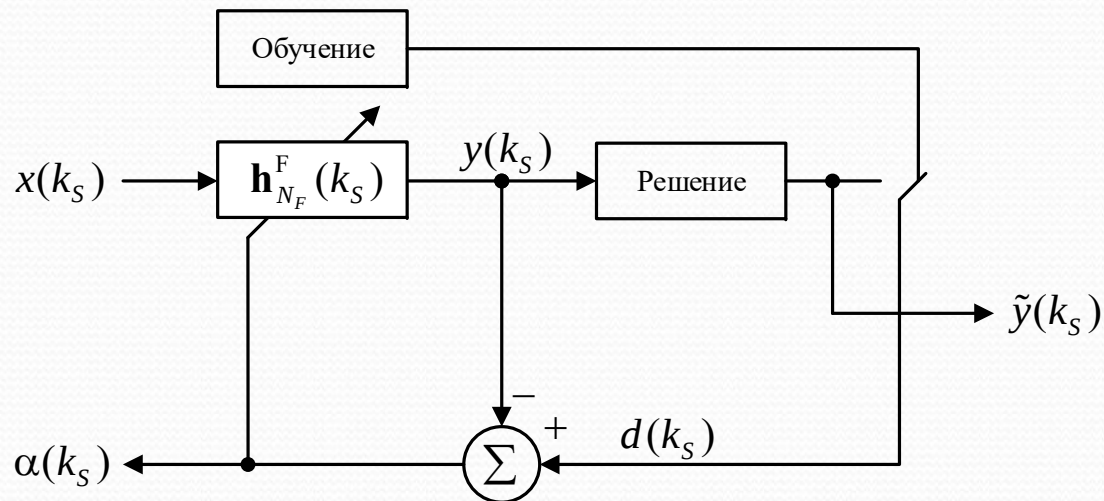


Эквалайзеры с дробной задержкой и обратной связью на базе быстрых RLS-алгоритмов

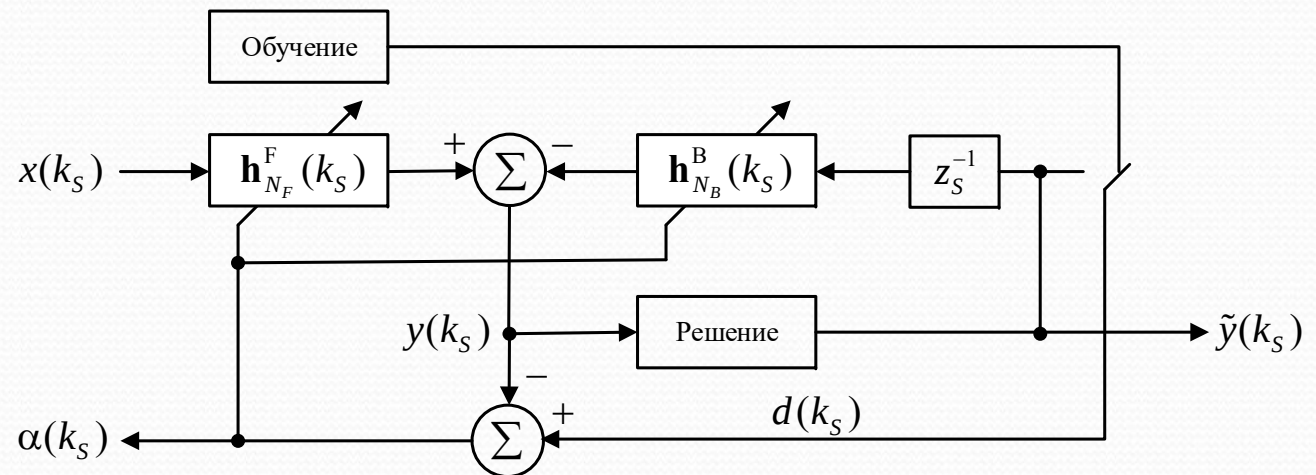
Виктор Джиган, д.т.н., г.н.с.

ИППМ РАН, Зеленоград, г. Москва

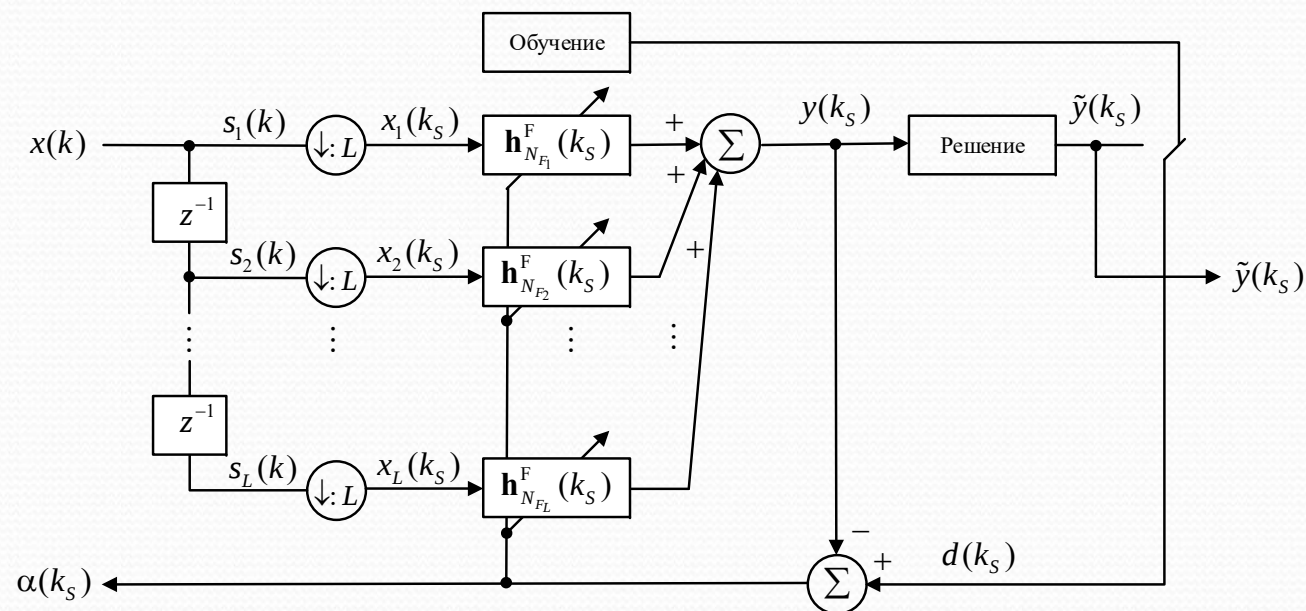
FF и FB эквалайзеры на символьной скорости



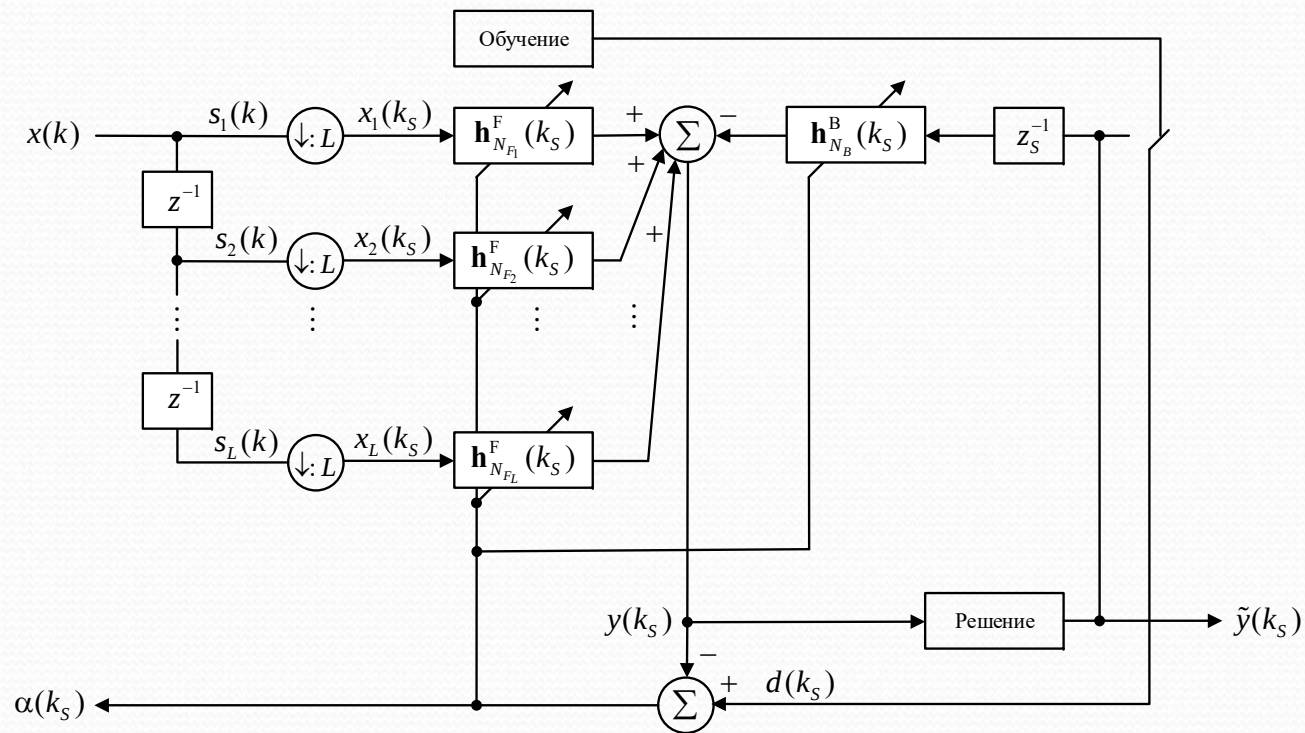
Feed-Backward эквалайзер



FF эквалайзер с дробной задержкой



FB эквалайзер с дробной задержкой



Алгоритм работы адаптивного эквалайзера



В.И. Джиган, «Адаптивная фильтрация сигналов: теория и алгоритмы», МЖ: Техносфера, 2013, 528 с.
Moscow, Russia,
<http://www.technosfera.ru/lib/book/333>

Initialization : $E_N^{f(m)}(0) = \delta^2$; $\mathbf{h}_N^{f(m)}(0) = \mathbf{0}_N$;
 $\mathbf{h}_N^{b(m)}(0) = \mathbf{0}_N$; **create :** $\mathbf{S}_{N+1}^{(m)}, \mathbf{T}_{N+1}^{(m)T}$; $m = 1, \dots, M$; $M = L + 1$;
 $\mathbf{g}_N^{(M)}(1) = \mathbf{0}_N$; $\mathbf{x}_N^{(0)}(0) = \mathbf{0}_N$; $\mathbf{h}_N(0) = \mathbf{0}_N$; $\mathbf{s}_L(0) = \mathbf{0}_L$; $k_s = 0$

For $k = 1, 2, \dots, K$

$$\mathbf{s}_L(k) \Big|_{2:L} = \mathbf{s}_L(k) \Big|_{1:L-1}, \quad \mathbf{s}_L(k) \Big|_1 = x(k)$$

$$l = \text{mod}_L(k)$$

if $l = 0$

$$k_s = k_s + 1$$

For $l = 1, 2, \dots, L$

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_{lj}}^{(l)}(k_s) \Big|_{2:N_{lj}} = \mathbf{x}_{N_{lj}}^{(l)}(k_s) \Big|_{1:N_{lj}-1},$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_{lj}}^{(l)}(k) \Big|_1 = s_l(k)$$

End for l

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_0}(k_s) \Big|_{2:N_0} = \mathbf{x}_{N_0}(k_s) \Big|_{1:N_0-1}, \quad \mathbf{x}_{N_0}(k_s) \Big|_1 = d(k_s - 1)$$

$$\mathbf{x}_N^{(0)}(k_s) = [\mathbf{x}_{N_1}^{(1)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_2}^{(2)T}(k_s), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_{Lj}}^{(Lj)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_{Lj+1}}^{(Lj+1)T}(k_s), \dots,$$

$$\dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_{Lj+2}}^{(Lj+2)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_0}^{(0)T}(k_s)]^T = [\mathbf{x}_{N_1}^{(1)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_2}^{(2)T}(k_s), \dots,$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_n}^{(m)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_{n+1}}^{(m+1)T}(k_s), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_{M-1}}^{(M-1)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_M}^{(M)T}(k_s)]^T$$

$$\mathbf{x}_N^{(1)}(k_s) = [\mathbf{x}_{N_1}^{(1)T}(k_s - 1), \mathbf{x}_{N_2}^{(2)T}(k_s), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_n}^{(n)T}(k_s),$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_{n+1}}^{(n+1)T}(k_s), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_{M-1}}^{(M-1)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_M}^{(M)T}(k_s)]^T$$

$\vdots$

$$\mathbf{x}_N^{(m)}(k_s) = [\mathbf{x}_{N_1}^{(1)T}(k_s - 1), \mathbf{x}_{N_2}^{(2)T}(k_s - 1), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_n}^{(n)T}(k_s - 1),$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_{n+1}}^{(n+1)T}(k_s), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_{M-1}}^{(M-1)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_M}^{(M)T}(k_s)]^T$$

$$\mathbf{x}_N^{(m+1)}(k_s) = [\mathbf{x}_{N_1}^{(1)T}(k_s - 1), \mathbf{x}_{N_2}^{(2)T}(k_s - 1), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_n}^{(n)T}(k_s - 1),$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_{n+1}}^{(n+1)T}(k_s - 1), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_{M-1}}^{(M-1)T}(k_s), \mathbf{x}_{N_M}^{(M)T}(k_s)]^T$$

$\vdots$

$$\mathbf{x}_N^{(M-1)}(k_s) = [\mathbf{x}_{N_1}^{(1)T}(k_s - 1), \mathbf{x}_{N_2}^{(2)T}(k_s - 1), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_n}^{(n)T}(k_s - 1),$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_{n+1}}^{(n+1)T}(k_s - 1), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_{M-1}}^{(M-1)T}(k_s - 1), \mathbf{x}_{N_M}^{(M)T}(k_s)]^T$$

$$\mathbf{x}_N^{(M)}(k_s) = [\mathbf{x}_{N_1}^{(1)T}(k_s - 1), \mathbf{x}_{N_2}^{(2)T}(k_s - 1), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_n}^{(n)T}(k_s - 1),$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{N_{n+1}}^{(n+1)T}(k_s - 1), \dots, \mathbf{x}_{N_{M-1}}^{(M-1)T}(k_s - 1), \mathbf{x}_{N_M}^{(M)T}(k_s - 1)]^T$$

For $m = M, M - 1, \dots, 1$

$$\alpha^{f(m)}(k_s) = x_m(k_s) - \mathbf{h}_N^{f(m)H}(k_s - 1) \mathbf{x}_N^{(m)}(k_s)$$

$$\alpha^{b(m)}(k_s) = x_m(k_s - N_m) - \mathbf{h}_N^{b(m)H}(k_s - 1) \mathbf{x}_N^{(m-1)}(k_s)$$

$$\mathbf{h}_N^{f(m)}(k_s) = \mathbf{h}_N^{f(m)}(k_s - 1) + \mathbf{g}_N^{(m)}(k_s) \alpha^{f(m)*}(k_s)$$

$$e^{f(m)}(k_s) = x_m(k_s) - \mathbf{h}_N^{f(m)H}(k_s - 1) \mathbf{x}_N^{(m)}(k_s)$$

$$E^{f(m)}(k_s) = \lambda E^{f(m)}(k_s - 1) + e^{f(m)}(k_s) \alpha^{f(m)*}(k_s)$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{g}}_{N+1}^{(m)}(k_s) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \mathbf{g}_N^{(m)}(k_s) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -\mathbf{h}_N^{f(m)}(k_s) \end{bmatrix} \frac{e^{f(m)}(k_s)}{E^{f(m)}(k_s)}$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{g}}_{N+1}^{(m)}(k_s) = \mathbf{S}_{N+1}^{(m)T} \bar{\mathbf{g}}_{N+1}^{(m)}(k_s) = \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{q}}_N^{(m)}(k_s) \\ \tilde{q}^{(m)}(k_s) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{g}_N^{(m-1)}(k_s) = \frac{\tilde{\mathbf{q}}_N^{(m)}(k_s) + \mathbf{h}_N^{b(m)}(k_s - 1) \tilde{q}^{(m)}(k_s)}{1 - \alpha^{b(m)*}(k_s) \tilde{q}^{(m)}(k_s)}$$

$$\mathbf{h}_N^{b(m)}(k_s) = \mathbf{h}_N^{b(m)}(k_s - 1) + \mathbf{g}_N^{(m-1)}(k_s) \alpha^{b(m)*}(k_s)$$

End for m

$$y(k_s) = \mathbf{h}_N^H(k_s - 1) \mathbf{x}_N^{(0)}(k_s)$$

$$a(k_s) = d(k_s) - y(k_s)$$

$$\mathbf{h}_N(k_s) = \mathbf{h}_N(k_s - 1) + \mathbf{g}_N^{(0)}(k_s) a^*(k_s) =$$

$$= [\mathbf{h}_{N_1}^{f(1)T}(k_s), \mathbf{h}_{N_2}^{f(2)T}(k_s), \dots, \mathbf{h}_{N_{Lj}}^{f(Lj)T}(k_s), \mathbf{h}_{N_{Lj+1}}^{f(Lj+1)T}(k_s),$$

$$\dots, \mathbf{h}_{N_{Lj+2}}^{f(Lj+2)T}(k_s), \mathbf{h}_{N_0}^{bT}(k_s)]^T$$

$$\mathbf{g}_N^{(M+1)}(k_s + 1) = \mathbf{g}_N^{(0)}(k_s)$$

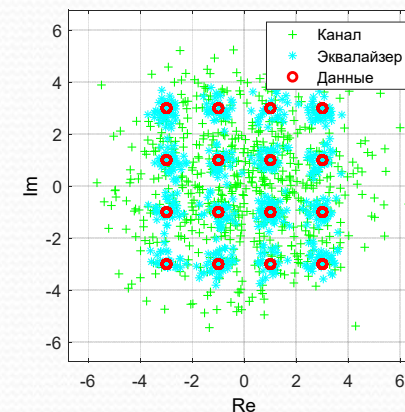
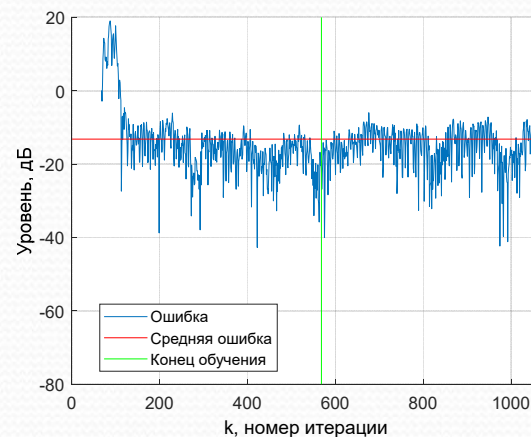
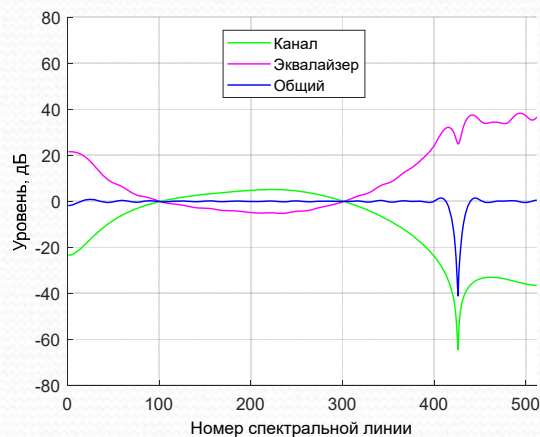
End for if

End for k

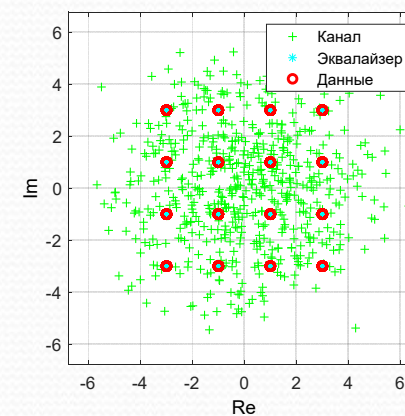
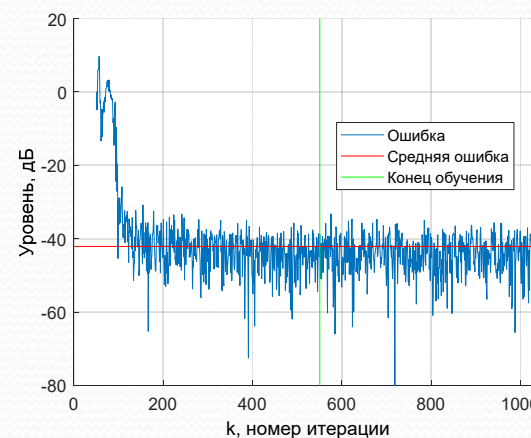
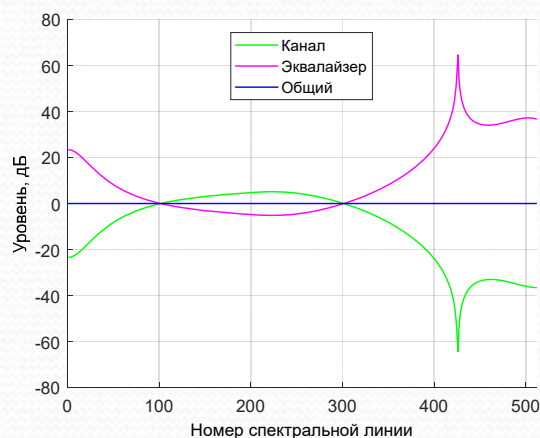
Многоканальный
быстрый алгоритм
Калмана

Результаты моделирования

FF эквалайзер



FB эквалайзер

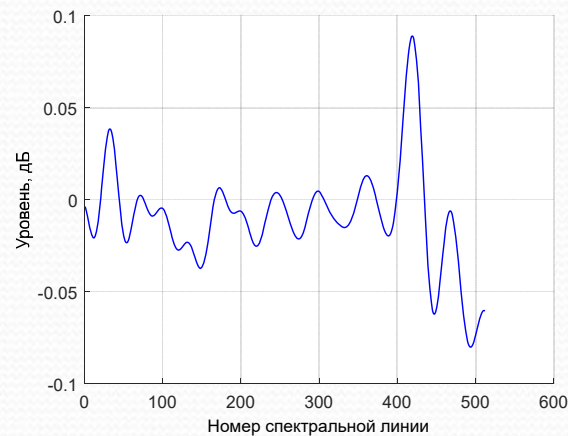


АЧХ

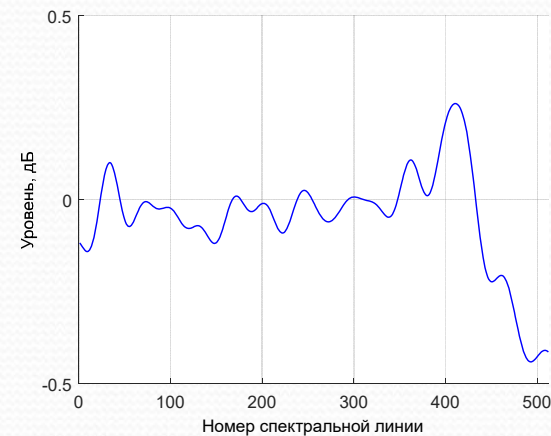
Переходные процессы

Созвездия

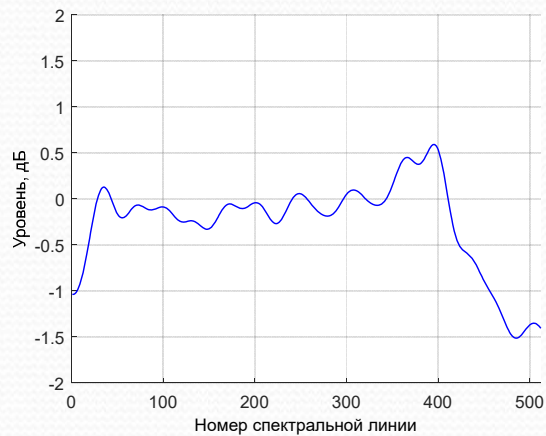
Выровненная АЧХ канала связи



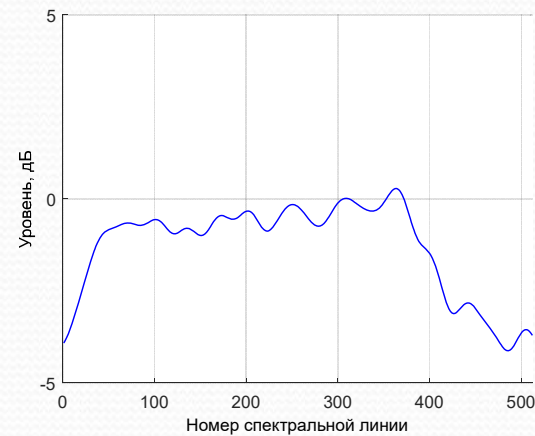
ОСШ=30 дБ



ОСШ=20 дБ



ОСШ=20 дБ



ОСШ=10 дБ

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Вопросы ?

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